

Assembling Nanomaterials

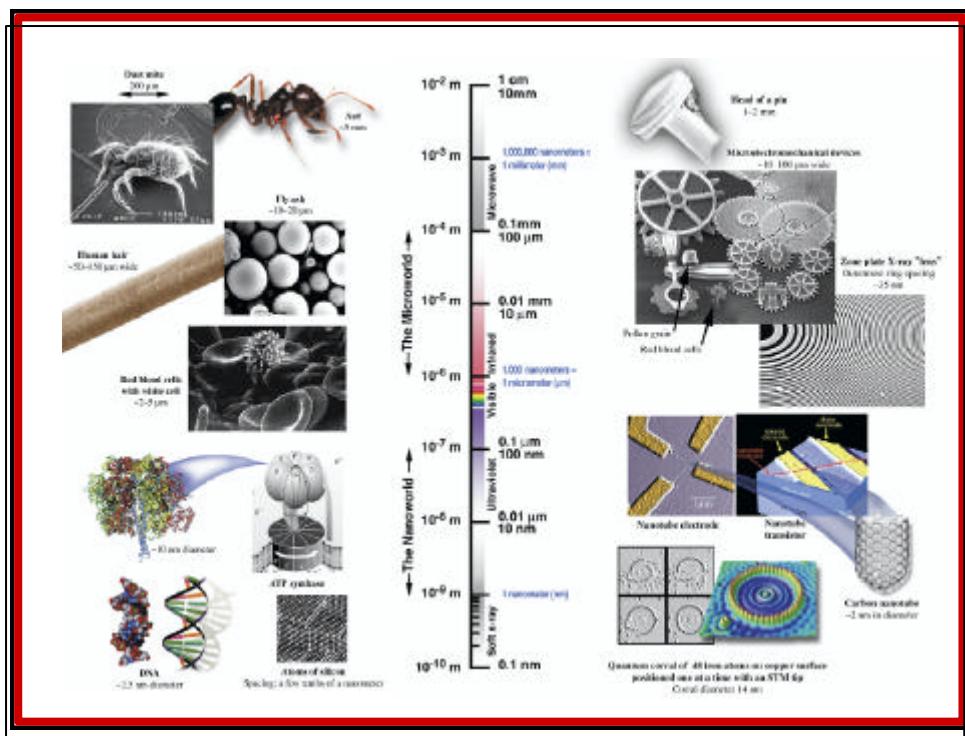
Richard W. Siegel

*Rensselaer Nanotechnology Center
Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute*



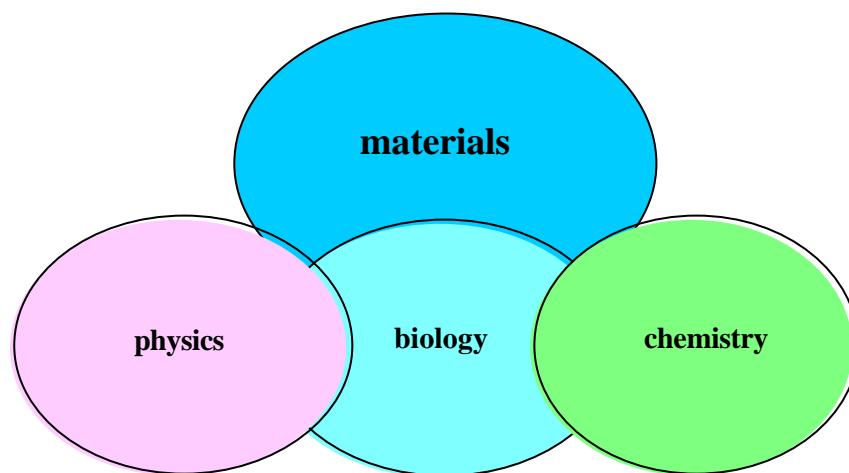
Korea-U.S. NanoForum
Seoul, Korea

14 October 2003





The Materials World

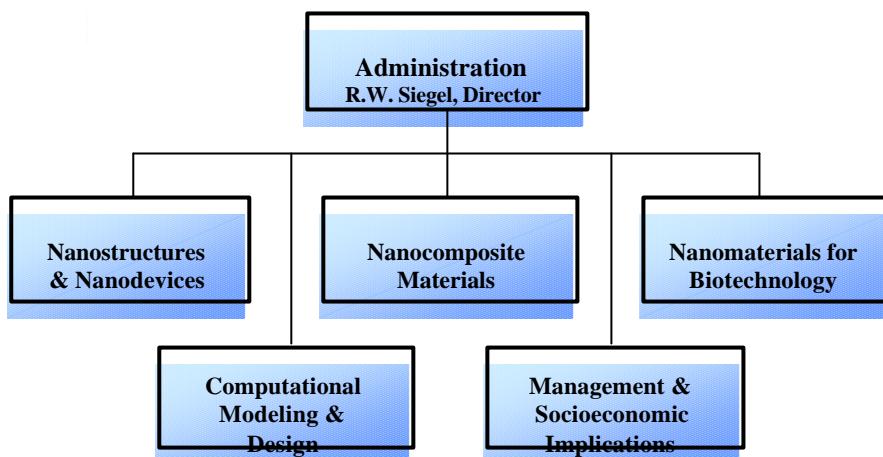


“Those who control materials control technology”

Eiji Kobayashi, Panasonic



Rensselaer Nanotechnology Center



Founded April 2001



Nanotechnology Sponsors at Rensselaer

ABB

**ALBANY
INTERNATIONAL**



National Science Foundation

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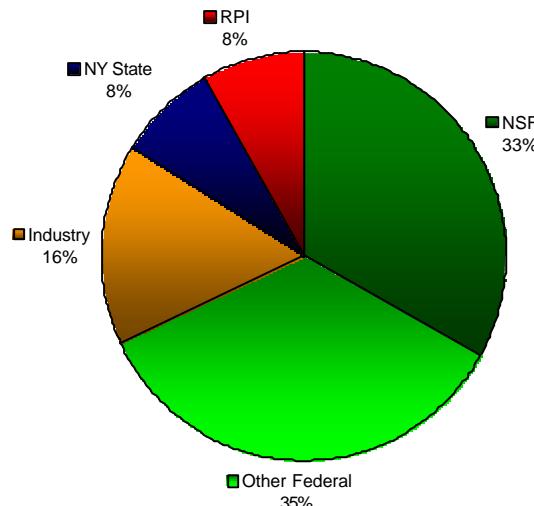
**Office of
Naval Research**

Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency



Sources of Funding in the Rensselaer Nanotechnology Center

annual funding ca. \$6 million





Nanoscale Science and Engineering Center for Directed Assembly of Nanostructures

www.rpi.edu/dept/nsec

K-12 Programs Undergraduate Colleges

Morehouse
Mount Holyoke
Smith
Spelman
Williams

Distance-learning Visiting Researchers



Rensselaer
Polytechnic Institute



University of Illinois
at Urbana-Champaign

Education

Industry

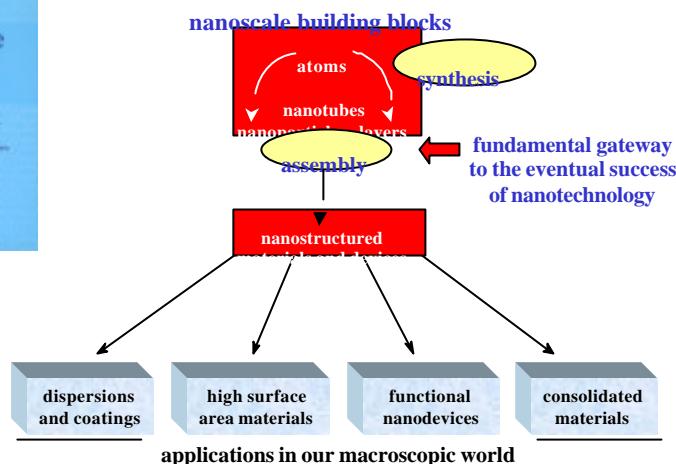
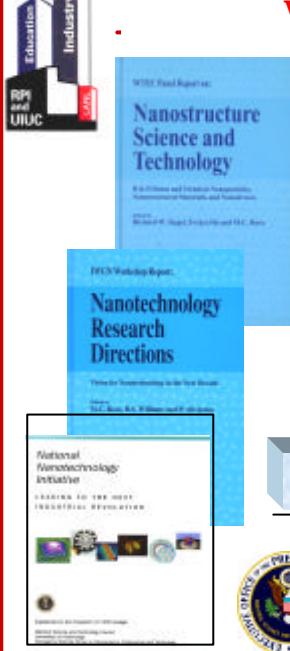
RPI
and
UIUC

Industry Partners
ABB
Albany International
IBM
Eastman Kodak
Philip Morris
New York State



Founded September 2001

Why Directed Assembly?



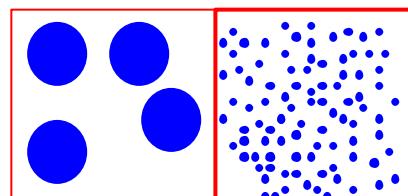
<http://www.nano.gov/>

What is special about nanoscale building blocks?

- Size confinement

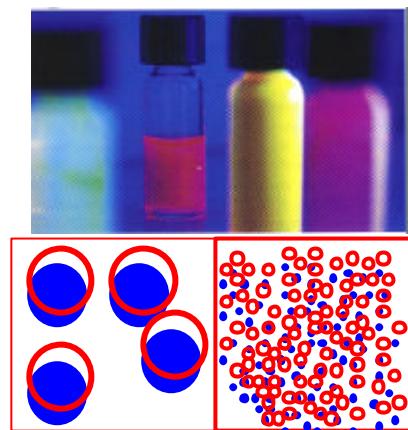


- High surface area
- Many interfaces



What is special about nanoscale building blocks?

- Size confinement
- High surface area
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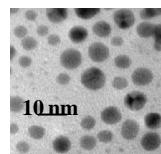


NSEC research thrust 1 projects

Nanoparticle Synthesis

(Benicewicz, Braun, Moore, Siegel)

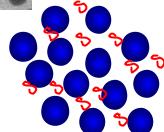
- organic and inorganic particles
- chemically heterogeneous surfaces



Phase Behavior of Nanoparticle-Polymer Mixtures

(Schweizer, Zukoski)

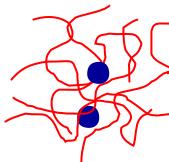
- study scattering and rheological properties
- provide comparison to modeling efforts
- provide understanding for novel assembly



Polymer Nanocomposites

(Lookman, Schadler, Siegel)

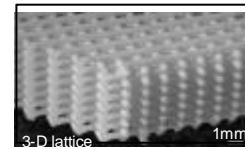
- explore effects of novel nanoparticle fillers (isolated particles, strings, clusters)
- tailor interface between filler and polymer matrix
- assemble multifunctional nanocomposites



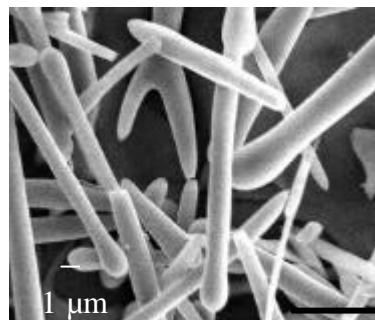
Directed Assembly of Nanostructured Materials

(Lewis, Schadler, Zukoski)

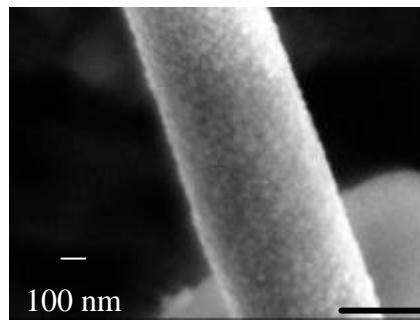
- design concentrated nanoparticle gels for direct-writing
- fabricate polymernanocomposites with hierarchical features



Nanoparticle-assembled TiO_2 microtubes



6 μm



100 nm

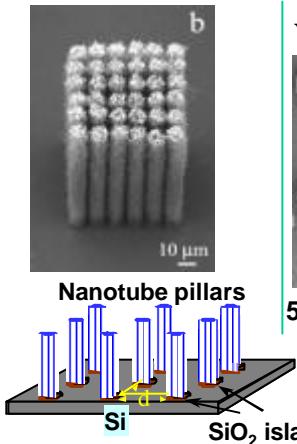
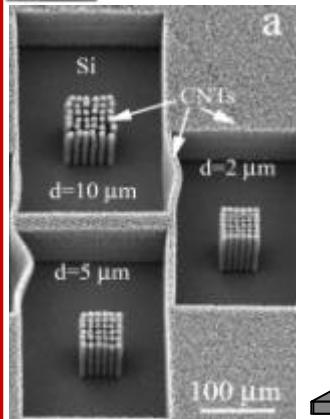
350 nm

Ma, Siegel, Schadler (2003)

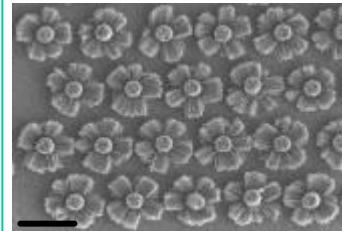
ABB



Controlled assembly of nanotube arrays



Vertical and Horizontal



50 nm

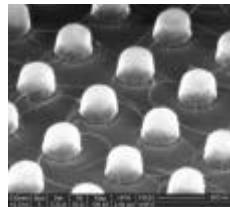
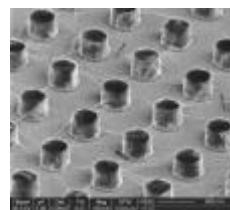
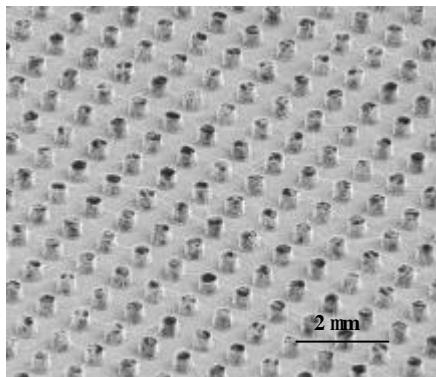
Wei, Vajtai, Jung, Ward,
Zhang, Ramanath, Ajayan
(2002)

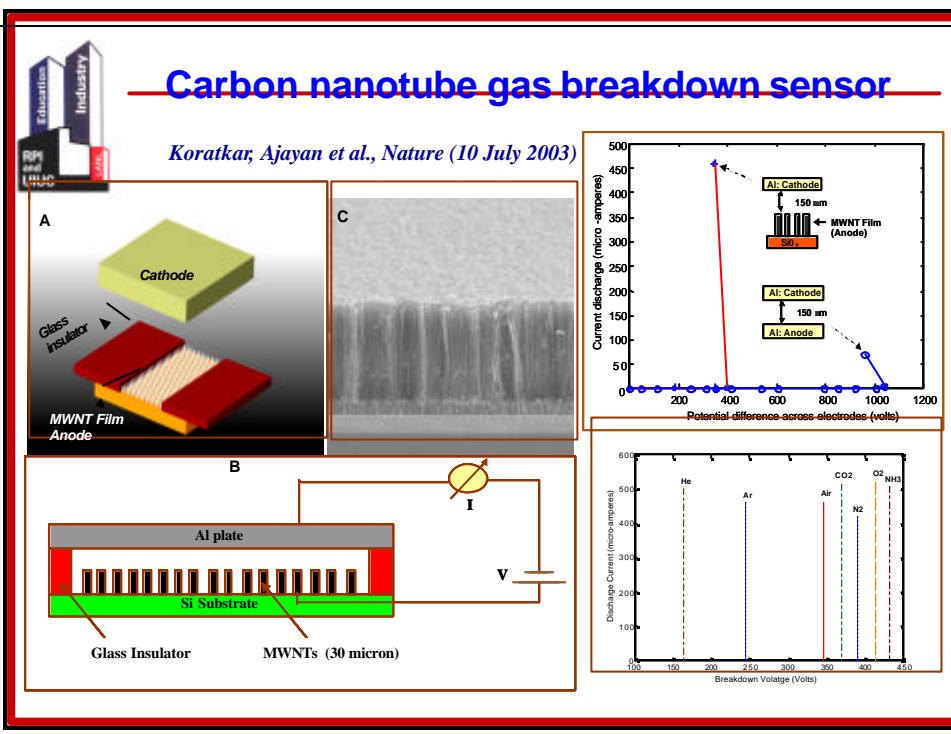
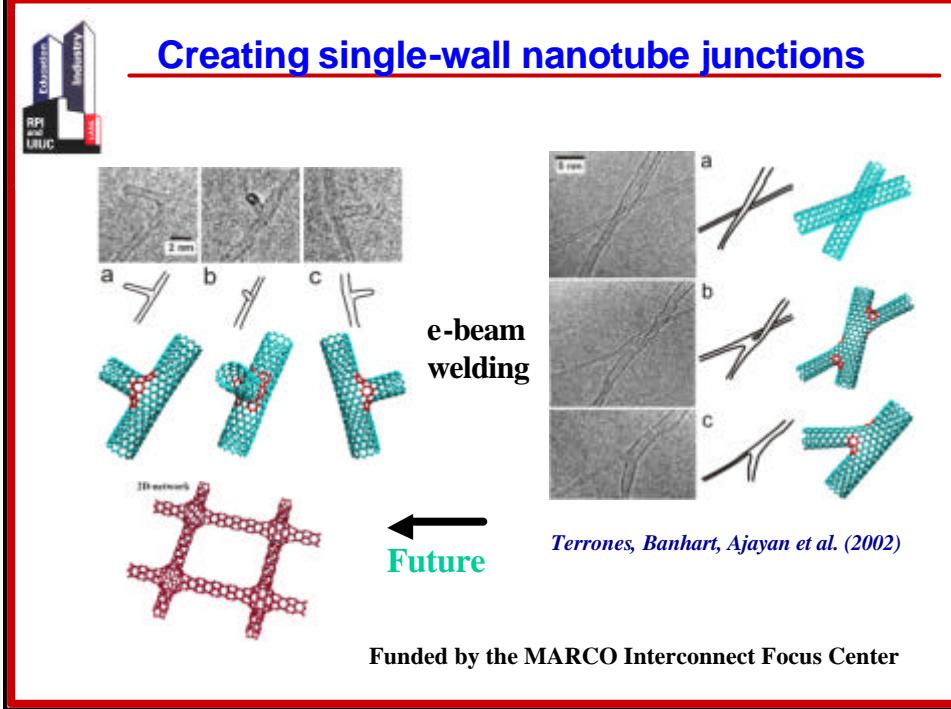
Funded by ONR and the MARCO Interconnect Focus Center (*Collaboration with Motorola*)



Carbon nanotube interconnects

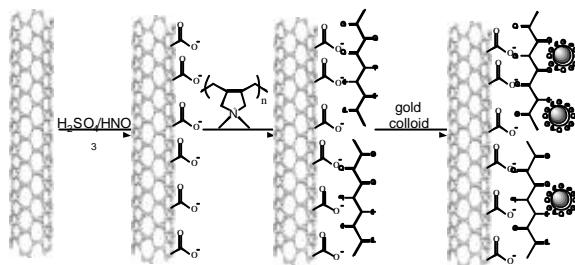
Ajayan, Wei, et al. (2003)



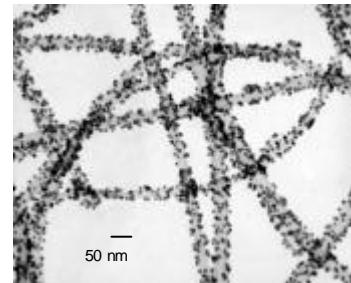




Attachment of Au nanoparticles to N-doped CNTs



Functional groups are attached along the lengths and ends of N-doped carbon nanotubes (CNT). These become the sites for selective Au nanoparticle attachment.

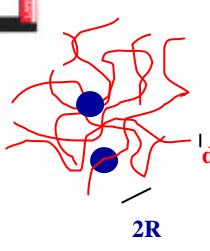


Jiang, Eitan, Schadler, Ajayan, Siegel, et al. (2003)

Funded by US Army Natick Soldier Center



Polymer nanocomposites

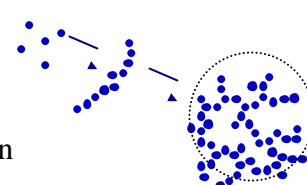
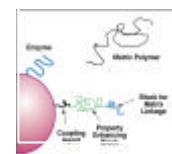


$$R_g > R > d \leq 1 \text{ nm}$$

Control Filler Properties

- particle size
- shape (spheres, nanotubes...)
- interface chemistry/functionality
- connectivity
 - * isolated species
 - * chains
 - * aggregates

-filler volume fraction



Goal: Design composites with tailored properties

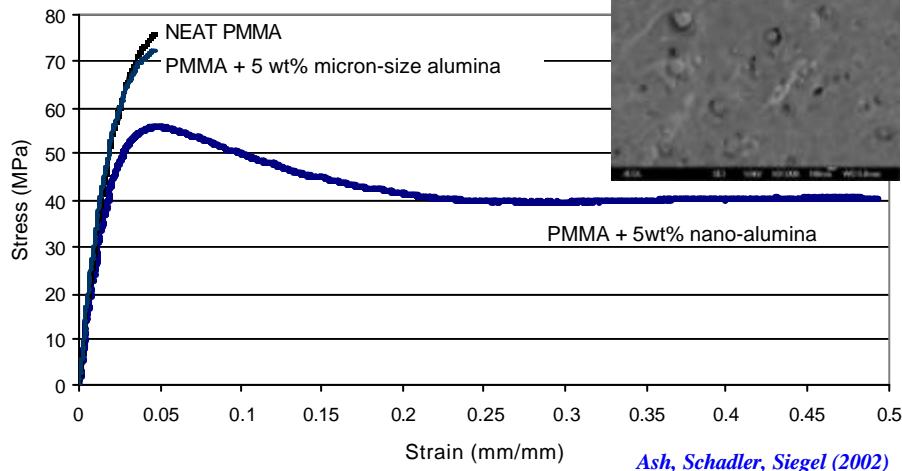
- Mechanical
- Optical
- Electrical...

Issues:

- Dispersion/miscibility
- Interface mechanics
- Polymer properties change due to filler

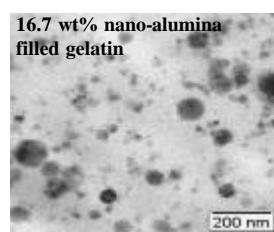
Mechanical behavior of filled and neat PMMA

Comparison between micron-size and nanoscale alumina fillers in PMMA

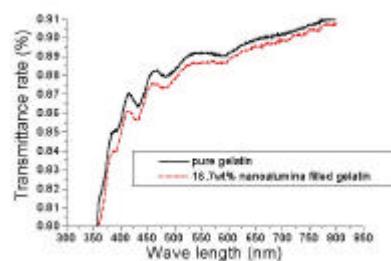
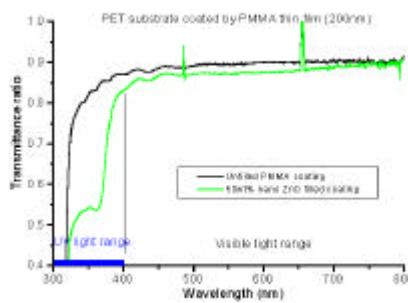
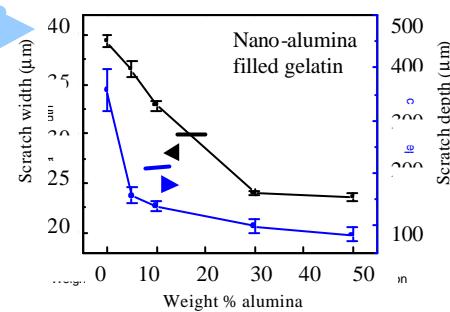


Ash, Schadler, Siegel (2002)

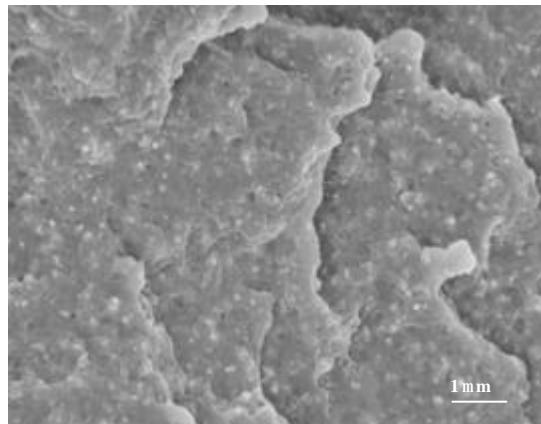
Polymer nanocomposites – assembly and properties



Chen, Schadler, Siegel, Irvin (2002)



LDPE / ZnO nanocomposite

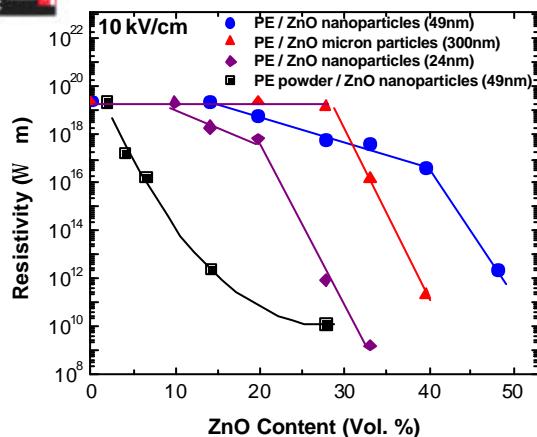


SEM of 50 wt% ZnO in LDPE

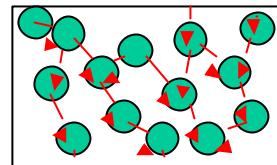
Hong, Schadler, Siegel, Mårtensson (2002)

ABB

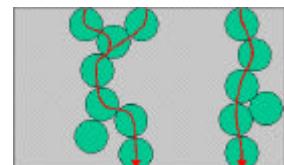
Resistivity of ZnO/LDPE nanocomposites



Conduction mechanisms:



Tunneling



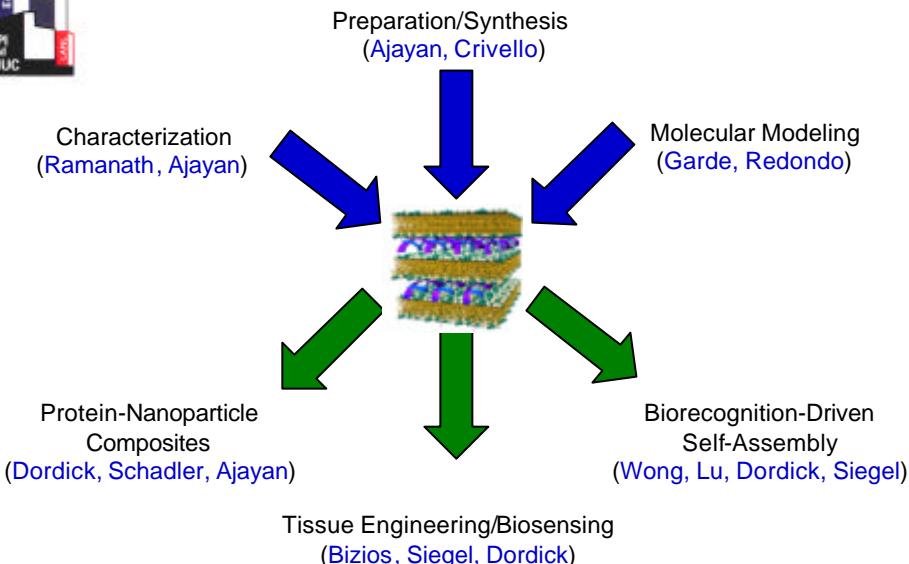
Continuous paths

Hong, Schadler, Siegel, Mårtensson (2002)

ABB

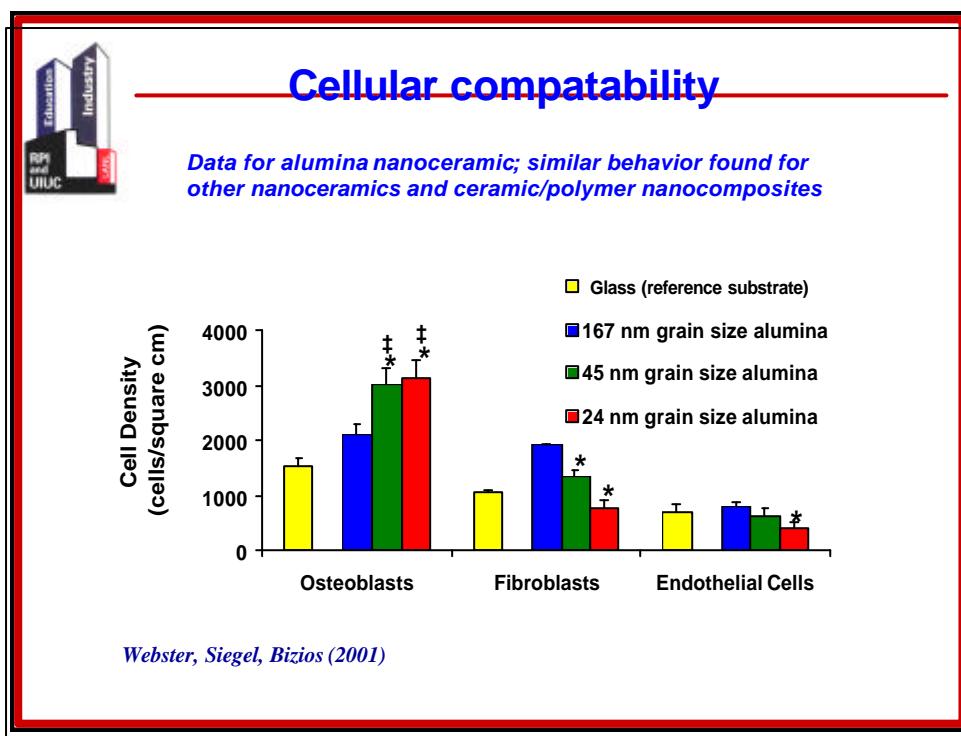
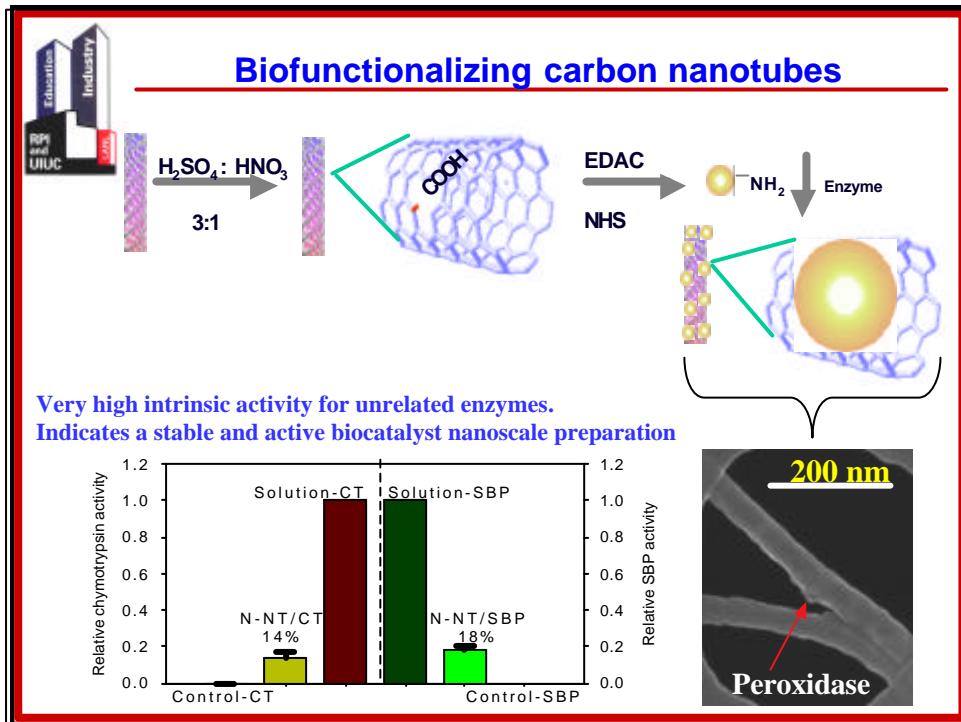


NSEC research thrust 2 projects



Potential applications of biocatalytic nanocomposites

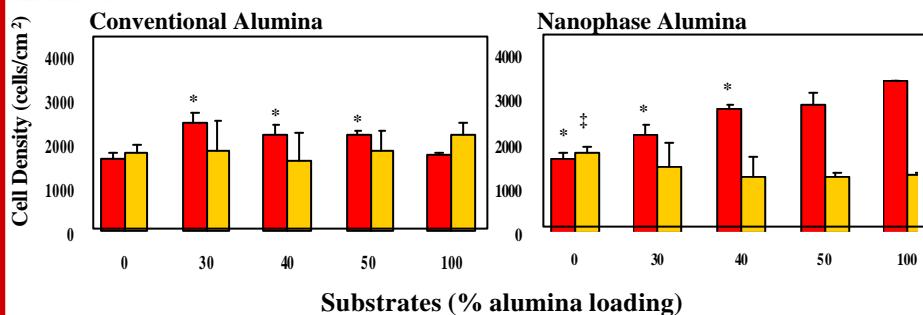
- Catalysts
- Chromatographic packings
- Biocatalytic membranes
- Non-fouling coatings and paints
 - Protein, lipid, polysaccharide resistant
 - Microbial resistant
 - Sessile invertebrate resistant
- Non-clogging drain pipes
- Implantable medical devices
- Microelectronics and microfabrication





Osteoblast and fibroblast adhesion

on conventional and nanophase alumina / PLA composites



Values are mean \pm SEM; n=3;

*p<0.05 (compared to osteoblast adhesion on the respective 100% alumina; Student's t-test);

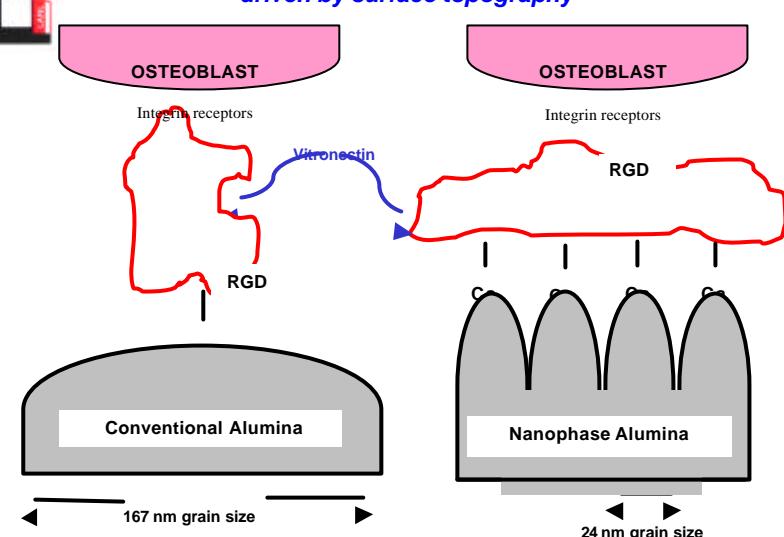
† p<0.05 (compared to fibroblast adhesion on 100% alumina; Student's t-test).

■ Osteoblasts ■ Fibroblasts

McManus, Siegel, Bizios (2001)

Osteoblast adhesion

driven by surface topography





Conclusions:

- We are now able to create a wide variety of nanoscale building blocks
- We are learning how to assemble them into useful nanostructured materials
- Hierarchical systems at the micro-scale and beyond are beginning to be created
- Society is beginning to benefit from nanoscience and its applications
- There is much more to come....!



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Thank you

