

HOMEWORK 9  
Due Thursday, November 15

1. In van Dalen, do problem 3 on p. 85.
2. Let  $L$  be any language. Which of the following statements are true and which are false? Justify your answers.
  - (a) If  $\varphi$  is any sentence, either  $\models \varphi$  or  $\models \neg\varphi$ .
  - (b) If  $\varphi$  is any sentence and  $\mathcal{A}$  is any  $L$ -structure, either  $\mathcal{A} \models \varphi$  or  $\mathcal{A} \models \neg\varphi$ .
  - (c) If  $\varphi$  and  $\psi$  are any sentences,  $\models \varphi \wedge \psi$  implies  $\models \varphi$  and  $\models \psi$ .
  - (d) If  $\varphi$  and  $\psi$  are any sentences,  $\models \varphi \vee \psi$  implies  $\models \varphi$  or  $\models \psi$ .
3. Find a prenex sentence (i.e. one where all the quantifiers occur up front) logically equivalent to

$$(\exists x A(x) \wedge y = t) \rightarrow \forall y (B(y) \vee \exists x R(y, x)).$$

4. Suppose the formula  $\psi$  has no free  $x$ . Show that

$$\forall x \varphi(x) \rightarrow \psi \vdash \forall x (\varphi(x) \rightarrow \psi)$$

does *not* hold in general (give specific formulas  $\varphi(x)$  and  $\psi$  for which it fails).

5. Show that the following formula cannot be proved:

$$P(a) \vee \forall x (R(x, a) \rightarrow \exists y (P(x) \wedge R(x, y)))$$

- ★ 6. Using just the language of equality  $=$ , give formulas expressing the following conditions on structures (i.e. sets)  $A$ :
  - (a)  $A$  is not empty.
  - (b)  $A$  has at least  $n$  elements (for an arbitrary natural number  $n$ ).
  - (c)  $A$  has at most  $n$  elements (for an arbitrary natural number  $n$ ).