

HOMEWORK 3

Due Thursday, September 20

1. Do the even numbered cases in problem 1 on page 27 of van Dalen, as well as the following:

$$\models (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \vartheta)) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \vartheta))$$

2. Using algebraic means, determine conjunctive and disjunctive normal forms for the following formulas:

$$\neg(p \leftrightarrow q), \quad ((p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow p) \rightarrow p$$

3. Use the normal forms from the previous problem to determine whether or not each formula is a tautology.
4. (a) Show that all of the truth functions (on $\{0, 1\}$) can be defined in terms of $\{\rightarrow, \perp\}$, i.e. that this is a *functionally complete set of connectives*.
 (b) Show that $\{\rightarrow, \vee, \wedge\}$ is not a functionally complete set of connectives.
 (c) Conclude that $\{\rightarrow, \vee, \wedge, \leftrightarrow, \top\}$ is not a functionally complete set of connectives. (Hint: define the last two in terms of the others.)
- ★ 5. Let X be a set with an equivalence relation, written $x \sim y$. Suppose given a set A , and a function $f : X \rightarrow A$ that respects \sim , in the sense that $f(x) = f(y)$ whenever $x \sim y$. Show that there is a function

$$\bar{f} : X/\sim \longrightarrow A$$

such that for all $x \in X$,

$$\bar{f}([x]) = f(x),$$

where the *quotient set* $X/\sim = \{[x] \mid x \in X\}$ is the set of all *equivalence classes* $[x] = \{y \mid x \sim y\}$.