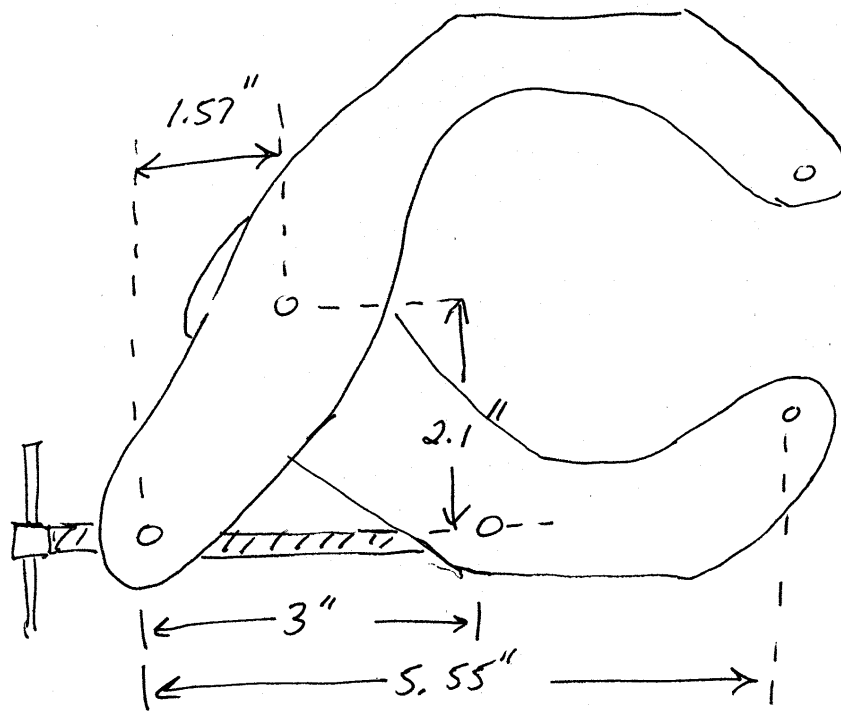
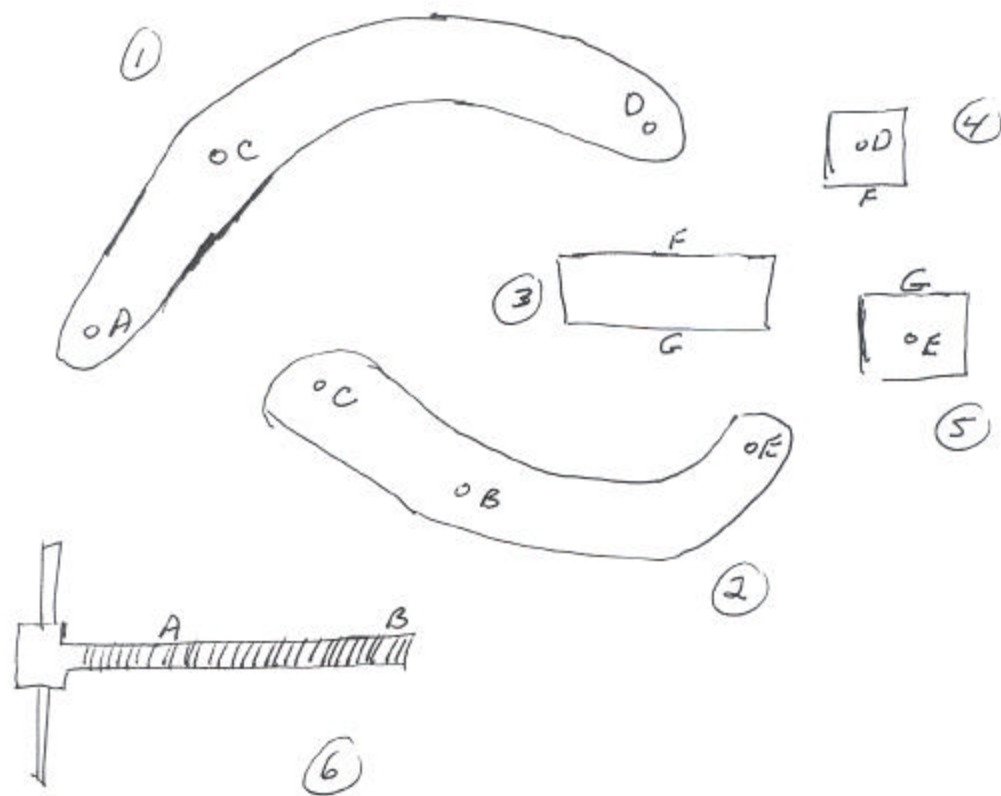


1. From diagram, can extract relevant dimension



5-

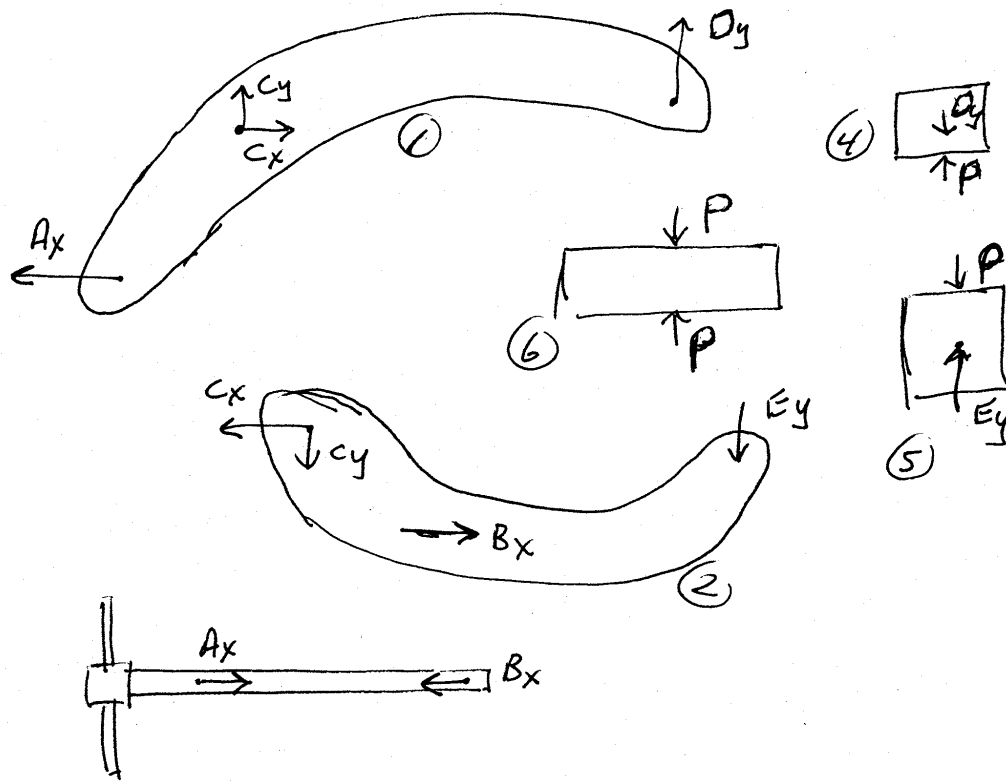


Each pin has only two forces acting on it. These forces must be equal + opposite to keep the pin in equilibrium.

Thus, the two members connected by the pin exert equal + opposite forces on each other.

Note that (6) is a two-force member
 so are (3), (4) and (5)

8-3



Since these bodies are two force members, only included components that we knew would be non-zero

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{6} \quad \Sigma F_x &= A_x - B_x = 0 \quad A_x = B_x \\ \textcircled{4} \quad \Sigma F_y &= P - D_y = 0 \Rightarrow D_y = P \\ \textcircled{5} \quad \Sigma F_y &= -P + E_y = 0 \Rightarrow E_y = P \end{aligned}$$

$$(1) \quad \sum M_{C_2} = D_y(5.55 - 1.57) - A_x(2.1) = 0$$

$$A_x = \frac{P(5.55 - 1.57)}{2.1} = 1.89P$$

$$\sum F_x = -A_x + C_x = 0 \Rightarrow C_x = A_x = 1.89P$$

$$\sum F_y = C_y + D_y = 0 \Rightarrow C_y = -D_y = -P$$

Body ② is also in equil.

