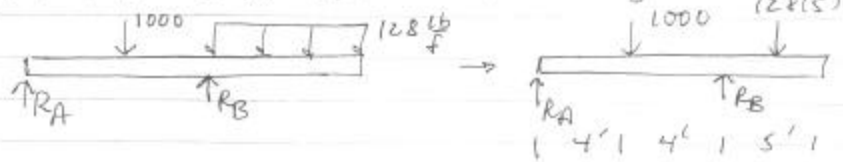


Solution to Set #14, 24-261, Fall 2001

1 (5.5-21)

First find supports, then V & M diagrams



$$\sum M_A = -1000(4) + R_B(8) - 128(5)\left(\frac{5}{2} + 4\right) = 0$$

$$R_B = \frac{4000 + 5(128)(10.5)}{8} = 1340 \text{ lb}$$

$$\sum F_y = R_A + R_B - 1000 - 5(128) = 0 \Rightarrow R_A = 300 \text{ lb}$$

$$300(4) = 1200$$

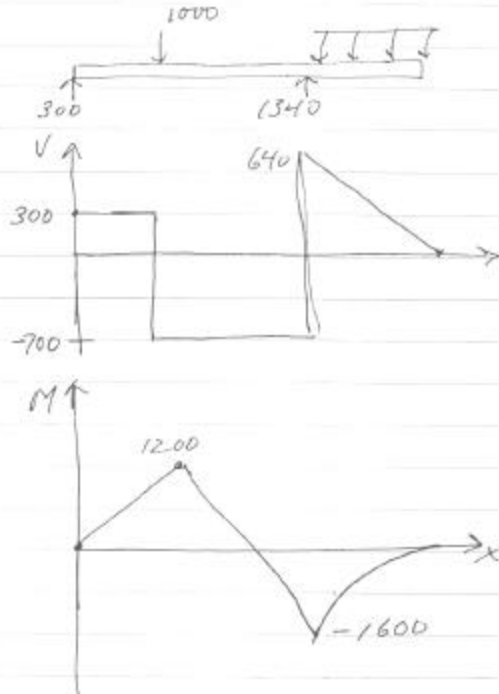
$$1200 - 4(700) = -1600$$

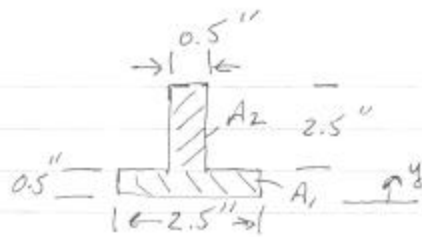
$$M_{\max} = 1200 \text{ lb-ft}$$

$$M_{\min} = -1600 \text{ lb-ft}$$

$$\text{or } M_{\max} = 14,400 \text{ lb-in}$$

$$M_{\min} = -19,200 \text{ lb-in}$$





$$A_1 = (2.5)(0.5) \quad \bar{y}_1 = 0.25$$

$$A_2 = (2.5)(0.5) \quad \bar{y}_2 = 0.5 + 1.25$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{A_1 + A_2} [A_1 \bar{y}_1 + A_2 \bar{y}_2] = \frac{1}{2.5} [(1.25)(0.25) + (1.25)(1.75)]$$

$$= 1'' = \bar{y}$$

Find $I = \int y^2 dA$ when y is measured from centroid \bar{y}

$$I = \int_{A_1} y^2 dA + \int_{A_2} y^2 dA = I_1 + I_2$$

$$I_1 = I_{c1} + A_1 d^2 \quad \text{parallel axis th}^m$$

$$I_1 = \frac{1}{12} (2.5)(0.5)^3 + (1.25) [1 - 0.25]^2$$

$$I_2 = \frac{1}{12} (0.5)(2.5)^3 + (1.25) [1.75 - 1]^2$$

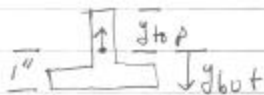
$$I_1 + I_2 = 2.083$$

$$At \ M_{max} = 14,400, \quad \sigma_{top} = \frac{-M y_{top}}{I} = \frac{-14,400(2)}{2.083} = -13,800 \text{ psi}$$

$$\sigma_{bottom} = \frac{-M y_{bot}}{I} = \frac{-14,400(-1)}{2.083} = 6,900 \text{ psi}$$

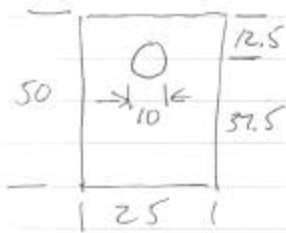
$$At \ M_{min} = -19,200, \quad \sigma_{top} = \frac{-M y_{top}}{I} = \frac{-(-19,200)(2)}{2.083} = 18,400 \text{ psi}$$

$$\sigma_{bot} = \frac{-M y_{bot}}{I} = \frac{-(-19,200)(-1)}{2.083} = -9,200 \text{ psi}$$



$$\sigma_{tensim} = 18,400 \text{ psi}, \quad \sigma_{comp} = -13,800 \text{ psi}$$

2(5.5-22) Find cross-sectional properties \bar{y} , I



half a solid rectangle
subtract off the hole
(All dimensions are in mm)

A_1 is $(25) \times (50)$ rectangle

A_2 is $\frac{\pi}{4} d^2$ circle

$$\bar{y}_1 = 25, \quad \bar{y}_2 = 37.5$$

$$\text{since } \bar{y} = \frac{1}{A} \int y dA = \frac{1}{A} \left[\int_{A_1} y dA - \int_{A_2} y dA \right]$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{A_1 - A_2} \left[A_1 \bar{y}_1 - A_2 \bar{y}_2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{1250 - 78.5} \left[(1250)(25) - (78.5)(37.5) \right] = \left[\frac{24.16 \text{ mm}}{=} \right] = \bar{y}$$

$I = \int y^2 dA$ where y is measured from \bar{y}

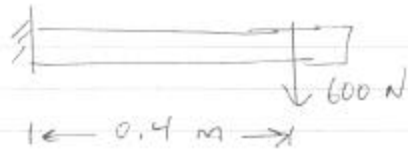
$$I = \int_{A_1} y^2 dA - \int_{A_2} y^2 dA = I_1 - I_2$$

use parallel axis th^m

$$I_1 = \frac{1}{12} (25)(50)^3 + (25)(50) [25 - 24.16]^2$$

$$I_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} (5)^4 + \frac{\pi}{4} (10)^2 [37.5 - 24.16]^2$$

$$I_1 - I_2 = 2.468 \times 10^5 \text{ mm}^4 = 2.468 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^4$$



Maximum moment
is at support,
where it is

$$M = -(0.4)(600) = -240 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$



$$\text{top } y = 50 - 24.16 = 25.84 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{-My}{I} = \frac{240(0.02584)}{2.468 \times 10^{-7}} = 25.1 \text{ MPa}$$

top of hole

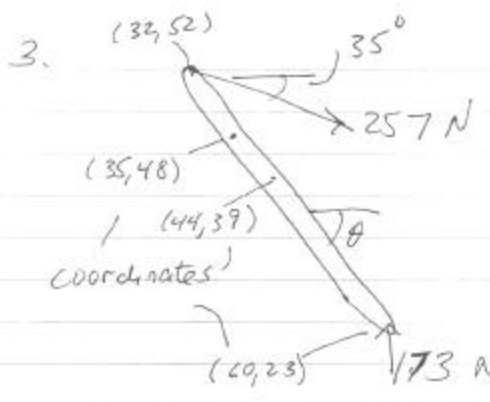
$$y = 37.5 - 24.16 + 5 = 18.34 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{-My}{I} = \frac{240(0.01834)}{2.468 \times 10^{-7}} = 17.8 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{bottom } y = -24.16$$

$$\sigma = \frac{-My}{I} = \frac{(240)(0.02416)}{2.468 \times 10^{-7}} = -23.5 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{top}} = 25.1 \text{ MPa}, \quad \sigma_{\text{top hole}} = 17.8 \text{ MPa}, \quad \sigma_{\text{bottom}} = -23.5 \text{ MPa}$$

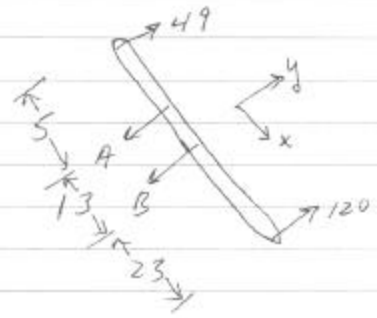


$$\tan \theta = \frac{52-23}{60-32} \Rightarrow \theta = 46^\circ$$

perpendicular forces are

$$257 \sin(46-35) = 49$$

$$173 \cos(46) = 120$$

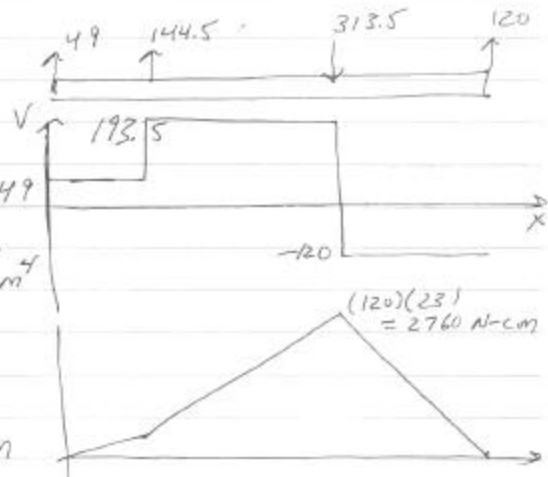


$$\sum M_{A_z} = -49(5) - B(13) + 120(56) = 0$$

$$B = 313.5$$

$$\sum F_y = 49 - A - 313.5 + 120 = 0$$

$$A = -144.5$$



$$M_{max} = 2760 \text{ N-cm}$$

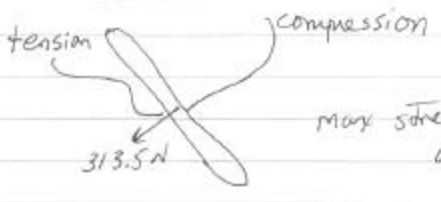
$$I = \frac{\pi}{4} (r_o^4 - r_i^4)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} (1^4 - (0.8)^4)$$

$$= 0.467 \text{ cm}^4 = 4.67 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^4$$

$$\sigma = \frac{My}{I} = \frac{(27.6)(.01)}{4.67 \times 10^{-9}}$$

$$\sigma = 59.5 \text{ MPa}$$



max stresses on surfaces at cross-section where $M = 2760 \text{ N-cm}$