15-100Moose SectionsStart:Fri2.13.9Homework 7Due: in classMon 2.23.9Goal:Lost in Space Again

Course Web Site:

www.andrew.cmu.edu/course/15-100mooseNsquirrel

Assignment:

You are returning to 3-D space but this time with a lot more "tools" in your tool kit, and unlike the astronauts on the last flight, your tool kit will not float away. You are going to draw one of your initials (HW 3) in 3-D space and then "fly" around it using the translate and rotate methods in the extended Processing API. Here is what you must do. In the Homeworkt.pde file that is distributed with this homework:

- Add a method named drawInitial() that has NO parameters
- Copy your 3-d initial drawing code from homework 3 and paste this into the drawInitial() method.
- As you coded your initial for HW3, all of the elements of your initial are in the positive quadrant with the (0,0,0) point being the upper left corner of the window. We want the (0,0,0) point to be in the center of the window and at the center of your initial. The initial translation to move the coordinate center to the middle of the window is already in the code do not erase this line of code. You need to edit the x and y coordinate values (the z values "should" be ok) of the elements that make up your initial so that the (0,0,0) point of the coordinate place falls in the geographic center of your initial. Magic numbers are ok but strongly discouraged. We would like to be able to increase and decrease the window size and have your initial grow/shrink with the window size. See the first two pictures below:
- Add global variables needed to support translations and rotations
- Add a keyPressed method that changes the global variables so your position moves laterally and rotationally. The motion is the viewer's, not the initial's; e.g. [r] moves you to the right causing the initial to appear to move left. Here are the key sequences that you must use:

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Lateral movement or translation:<br/>move in ---- [i]Rotational Motion<br/>left (y axis) -- [left arrow]<br/>right(y axis) -- [right arrow]<br/>up (x axis) -- [up arrow]<br/>down (x axis) - [down arrow]<br/>CCW (z axis) -- [.]move up ---- [u]<br/>move down -- [d]CCW (z axis) -- [.]
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reset to zero -[space]

The code to "read" the arrows keys is somewhat different than reading the character keys. This is explained in the API and it will be covered in class.

Feel free to re-design your initial if you want to. Just remember that it must "exist" in more than one plane in each dimension. A flat (x, y) initial will not receive full credit. **Documentation**

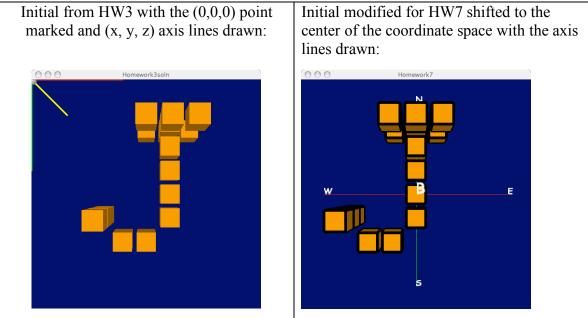
There is a comment at the top of the file that is called JavaDoc. This JavaDoc comment will display the movement controls in the applet window. Please do not edit or delete this comment.

Handin:

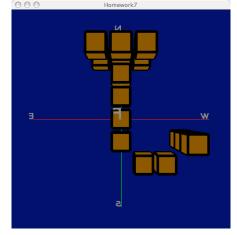
The usual – but (due to the test and a request from Lauren) shifted to Monday – there is no late handin. After Monday morning, the handin is closed and the Very Late opened.

Sample:

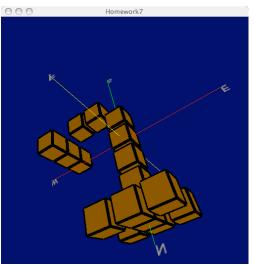
NOTE: On the final read I just noticed that the 'B' and 'F' are wrong. They should be on the other ends of the coordinate line --- sigh...



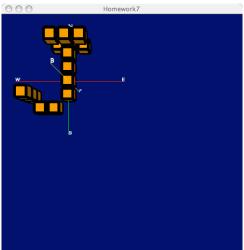
Here are some screen captures of Jim's flight (of fantasy...) Rotating ournd the Y axis with either the left or right arrow keys:



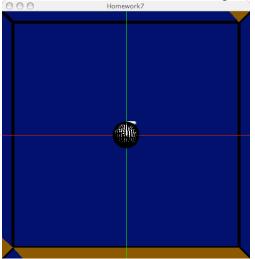
Multiple rotations:



Lateral movement moving right [r], down [d], and out [o] so the initials appears to move up, left, and away



Lateral movement in with the [i] key to almost the geographic center of the window. The black sphere is inside the center cube of Jim's initials and 1 pixel in diameter.



This is the applet window. The JavaDoc comment is shown. The JavaDoc allows us to tell the user how to fly around.

