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Comprising the Story of Her People from the Dawn of History to the Present Time

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Charles Mrs. Mrs. Baymond Rob-JAMES G. SCRUGHAM, Editor Former Governor of Nevada

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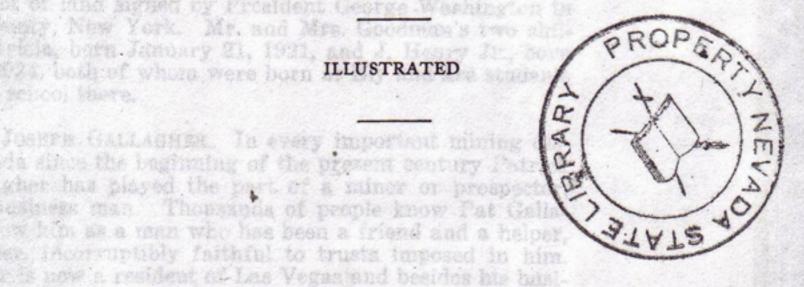
VOLUME III

NEVADA BIOGRAPHIES

By Special Staff of Writers

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THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL SOCIETY, INC. CHICAGO AND NEW YORK

by inclus atmosphere of a mining capas units and has experience in musing of nearly a the important Company, located half way between Ely and Tonopah, from which

a phenomenal volume of ore has been produced.

Mr. Goodman is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles and Ely Lodge No. 1469, B. P. O. Elks, charter member of Ely Lions Club, also charter member and organizer of the Chamber of Mines and Commerce of Ely. He and his family are members of the Episcopal Church. Occasionally Henry Goodman can be seen on the golf links, but his real recreation and play is out in the open country looking at mining prospects. He has been the main man in capitalizing and developing the properties of the Nevada Standard Mine Corporation, where \$100,000 worth of machinery and equipment have been set up, with about four miles of underground tunnels.

Mr. Goodman was twice married, his first marriage being to Miss Emily Fraser of Tooele, Utah, in 1902. Four children were born of this union: Mrs. Gorden Handcock, Mrs. Raymond Roberts, Misses Jean and Kathryn Goodman, all of whom reside in

San Francisco.

October 12, 1918, Mr. Goodman married Miss Geraldine De Silva at Ogden. She was born in New York State, and prepared for a career as a teacher of the deaf. She was a graduate of Clarke School for the Deaf at Northampton, Massachusetts. She came west as a teacher of the deaf, and for three years was a member of the faculty at the State school for the deaf and blind at Ogden, Utah, and one year at San Francisco, in the deaf department of the public schools. She has been prominent in church and charitable work in Ely, and is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, members of the Parent-Teachers Association, Woman's Club, and Guild of St. Bartholomew's Church at Ely. The De Silva family were of Spanish origin, and have been in America since Colonial times. Her great-great-grandfather was awarded a patent to a grant of land signed by President George Washington in Delaware County, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Goodman's two children are Patricia, born January 21, 1921, and J. Henry Jr., born August 24, 1924, both of whom were born at Ely and are students in the public school there.

Patrick Joseph Gallagher. In every important mining district in Nevada since the beginning of the present century Patrick Joseph Gallagher has played the part of a miner or prospector, citizen and business man. Thousands of people know Pat Gallagher, and know him as a man who has been a friend and a helper, a hard worker, incorruptibly faithful to trusts imposed in him. Mr. Gallagher is now a resident of Las Vegas and besides his business connections he enjoys the honor of serving as secretary of Las Vegas Lodge No. 1468, B. P. O. Elks, and as deputy United States marshal.

He grew up in the atmosphere of a mining community and has had practical experience in mining of nearly all the important metals in different parts of the United States. He was born at Buck Mountain, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1876. His parents, Peter and Catherine (Burns) Gallagher, lived out their lives in Pennsylvania, where his father was a miner. He was

one of a family of eight sons, five of whom are living.

Pat is the only one in the West, his brothers still living in Pennsylvania. He attended school at his birthplace, and was about twenty-two years old when he started for the far West. In the summer of 1898 he worked in harvest fields in Minnesota, and later in the same year arrived at Washington Gulch, Montana, where he worked on the cattle ranch owned by his uncle, Frank Gallagher, He continued with his uncle for two years, until 1900. For a year he worked in the copper mines at Butte, in 1901 was in the mines at Jerome, Arizona, and later returned to Butte for another six months of experience as a miner. While at Butte he attended the Rice and Fulton Business College in order to give himself a better equipment for business. He spent about eight months mining at Park City, Utah, then worked in the Lost Packer Mine at Loon Lake in Custer County, Idaho, and on September 19, 1905, established his first contact with Nevada, at Tonopah, a mining camp whose name was then on everybody's tongue all over the country. He remained at Tonopah until February, 1906, then went to Manhattan and Goldfield, and later in the same year to Round Mountain.

Mr. Gallagher put in four busy years at Round Mountain. Besides doing the practical work of the miner, he was chosen president of Local No. 247 of the Western Federation of Miners, serving one term. For two years he was a justice of the peace at Round Mountain, and for four years he held a commission as notary public, his commission being signed by Gov. John Sparks. He was also president of the Round Mountain Athletic Club, and was district

mining recorder.

From Round Mountain he was attracted to the next important mining boom at Jarbridge in Elko County, in February, 1910, remaining there until the following Christmas. On January 1, 1911, he was at Virginia City, and spent the greater part of that year in the mines. Besides working as a miner he sold claims and leases of mining property. He was also at Dayton for a time, then returned to Tonopah, where he was in the real estate business, and in 1914 was candidate for justice of the peace at Tonopah. He lost the election by six votes, and the contest was decided by Judge Summers of Goldfield.

On Christmas Day of 1915, Mr. Gallagher reached Ely, Nevada, did some mining work there and during 1916-17 handled leases at Hamilton in White Pine County. In 1917 he shipped \$30,000 worth of lead ore from the Young Treasure Mine at Hamilton. About this time he took a vacation, and returned east for a visit to his brothers in Pennsylvania. But the West claimed him, and he has no other thought than that all his life will be spent in the far western country. In the spring of 1919 he returned to Hamilton,

and after two years went to Ely and was in the real estate and insurance business there from 1919 to 1925. He also had some mining claims and did some real estate transactions. From 1925 he was engaged in prospecting, chiefly at the Wymona mining district.

Mr. Gallagher took up his residence in Las Vegas in April, 1927. He has carried on an insurance and real estate business, and much of his time since 1931 has been taken up by his duties as secretary of the local lodge of Elks. He is a member of the Las Vegas Chamber of Commerce. He joined the Tonopah Lodge of

Elks in 1907.

Mr. Gallagher has been a resident of Nevada for twenty-eight years, and his experience has brought him friendship all over the state. He is a member of the Joan of Arc Catholic Church at Las Vegas. On November 1, 1934, he was appointed deputy United States marshal for Southern Nevada with headquarters in the Federal Building at Las Vegas.

THOMAS EDWARD DIXON was a railroad man in early life, and it was in the service of the Salt Lake Railroad that he made his first contact with Southern Nevada. His home is at Caliente, where he has been a business man, and his fellow citizens have repeatedly conferred upon him public responsibilities such as

county commissioner and member of the Legislature.

Mr. Dixon was born at Columbia, Tennessee, March 5, 1867, and has a noteworthy family record. His great-grandfather, George Dixon, was an Irishman who came to America shortly after the close of the Revolutionary war, founding a family that has played a worthy part in the life of America throughout a period of nearly one and a half centuries. Mr. Dixon's grandfather, Adam Dixon, was born March 10, 1785, and was a soldier in the War of 1812. Before that war broke out, on September 24, 1811, he married Hannah L. Erwin, who was born November 26, 1791.

Their son, George Cardell Dixon, and father of Thomas Edward, was born April 24, 1814, and lived eighty-five years, his death occurring October 5, 1899. George Cardell Dixon went to Texas while it was a republic, and among other experiences in the Southwest he fought under the Lone Star flag in some of the early Indian wars. Later he moved to Tennessee. George Cardell Dixon and Eliza Rebecca Frierson were married December 18, 1860. She was born July 16, 1840, and died April 23, 1905. She was a daughter of John Manton and Elizabeth (Shaw) Frierson, who were married January 16, 1823. John Manton Frierson was born August 28, 1799, and Elizabeth Shaw was born March 6, 1804.

Thomas Edward Dixon's two brothers, John Adam and George Shaw Dixon, are Tennessee farmers, and his only sister, Hattie McCormick Thomas, lives at Houston, Texas. Thomas Edward Dixon had few opportunities to get an education beyond the com-