## FireFly Mosaic: A Vision-Enabled Wireless Sensor Networking System

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# Outline

- Motivation
  - Assisted Living
  - Vision as a Sensor
- FireFly Mosaic
- System Performance
- Home Activity Clustering



# **Aging Population**

- 2000 US Census: 10 Million People over 65 Live Alone
  Expected to more than double by 2050
- \$70,912 per year for a private room in a nursing home (\$194 per day)
- \$25.32 per hour for in-home aid
- Quality of Life
  - People want to stay at home and enjoy their normal routine
- Similar trends in Europe (e.g. Italy) and Asia (e.g. Japan)



### Where Can Technology Assist?

- Monitor Daily Patterns
  - Generate Sanitized Reports for Doctors and Caretakers
- Monitor Home Environment
  - Is the oven on? Is the temperature okay?
- Track Medication and Use
- Fall Detection
- Continual Medical Monitoring



## Vision-Enabled Wireless Sensor Networks (WSN)

- Images Provide Extremely Rich Information
  - Local processing provides more than just an image
- Multiple Cameras Provide:
  - Greater Sensing Area Coverage
  - Increase Decision Confidence based on mutual information
  - Helps Address Occlusion (View Obstruction) Problems



#### Vision-Enabled WSN Challenges

• Vision Challenges

- Color Constancy, Dynamic Lighting, Object Recognition, etc

- System Challenges
  - Limited Bandwidth
  - Limited Power
  - Group Coordination
  - Fusing Multiple Sensor Inputs



# Outline

- Motivation
- FireFly Mosaic
  - Hardware Components
  - System Primitives
- System Performance
- Home Activity Clustering



## **FireFly Mosaic Architecture**



# **Sensor Network Description**

- FireFly Sensor Node
  - ATmega1281, 8K Ram, 128K Rom
  - CC2420, 802.15.4 Radio
- Nano-RK RTOS (www.nano-rk.org)
  - Priority-based Fully Preemptive Operating System
  - Reservations
  - Open Source / Plain Vanilla C
- RT-Link
  - TDMA Link Layer Protocol
    - Collision Free TX and RX slots
  - Software Time Synchronization





## **FireFly Mosaic Node**



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# **CMUcam3 Image Sensor**

- 60 MHz ARM7TDMI Processor
- 64K RAM, 128K Flash
- 352 x 288 RGB Images
- Open-Source Image Processing Library
  - Color Blob Tracking, Frame Differencing, Convolutions, Histograms, Color Space Conversion, Down Sampling, Template Matching, JPEG compression
- Commercially Available
  - USA, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, England, Sweden, Finland, Czech Republic, Singapore and Spain



#### **Software Stack**







# **FireFly Mosaic Primitives**

- Camera Connectivity Graphs
- Camera-Centric TDMA Scheduling Heuristics
  Based on Camera Connectivity Graphs
- Time Synchronization Primitives
- Image Processing Tools
  - Image Transfer
  - Multiple Camera Image Region Correlation



# **Camera Network Graphs (CNG)**





## **Communication Scheduling**





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# Outline

- Motivation
- FireFly Mosaic
- System Performance
  - Timing Jitter
  - Image Transfer Quality and Frame Rate
  - Energy Distribution
- Home Activity Clustering



## **Timing Jitter**





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# Sending Images

 If I want to send an image, what is the best resolution, compression level and network rate?





2.5 sec



#### **CPU vs Network Bandwidth**





3000

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#### Image Transfer Given CPU and Network Timing Parameters

Q85 .5 FPS



Q50 1 FPS



Q5 4 FPS







Given a quality level, a compression and resolution can be found for minimal image transmit time.

# **Energy Distribution**

	Active (mW)	ldle (mW)	Sleep (mW)
ARM7 Core	108	10	0.25
ARM7 Peripherals	49.5	2	0.01
Frame Buffer	171	52	n/a
CMOS Camera	125	5	n/a
MMC	13.2	1	n/a
ATmega1281	6.6	0.02	0.02
CC2420	66.0	15	0.01
Total	572.3	132.52	0.29

Camera sensor consumes 2x the radio active power



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- Motivation
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- System Performance
- Home Activity Clustering



# Home Activity Clustering

- Automatically Learn Activities
  - Cooking, Cleaning, Sleeping, Watching TV, Working, etc
- Monitor Transitions between Activities
- Easy Setup and Training
  - Cameras Placed "Arbitrarily"



# Home Activity Clustering

- 1) Generate Camera Network Graph with Correlated Image Regions
- 2) Gaussian Mixture Model (GMM) Motion Detection
- 3) Local Activity Clustering
- 4) Global Activity Cluster Merging
- 5) Generate Model





# **Deployment in an Apartment**

Data Collection:

- 8 nodes

- 1 Day of Training
- 3 Days of Data Collection



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## **Correlate Camera Regions**





					]	5		3	7				5	4								7	1
 		2	2			 1	1	1		4	4		 5	4	4			6	 				1
	1				1				d	4	4			4	4		6		 5	6	5		
	1	1		1							4			4	4		6						



## **Communication Scheduling**





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## **Activity Detection**



Gaussian Mixture Model Background Subtraction





Down Sampling and Connected Component Analysis





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#### **Activity Clustering Sample Results**



State	Labeled Action
a1	Sitting on Couch
a2	Working at Table
a3	Television
a4	Working at Sink
a5	Bag Moving on Door
a6	Sleeping in Bed
a7	Checking Gateway CPU



## Conclusions

- CMOS Camera Sensors are Becoming Cheaper and Consume Less Power
- Low-Cost Microcontrollers are Getting Powerful Enough to Perform Useful Local Image Processing
- Tightly Coordinated Application-Specific Sensor Network Communication Can Enable More Sophisticated Sensing
- Sensor Networking Systems Hold Great Potential for Assisted-Living Applications
  - Demonstrated using FireFly Mosaic



Real-Time and Multimedia Systems Laboratory

# **Questions?**

