

HOMEWORK 8
Due Thursday, November 2

1. Give natural deduction proofs of the following formulas (using the 4 quantifier rules, and not defining $\exists\varphi$ as $\neg\forall\neg\varphi$!).
 - (a) $\neg\exists x\varphi \rightarrow \forall x\neg\varphi$
 - (b) $\exists x\neg\varphi \rightarrow \neg\forall x\varphi$
 - (c) $(\exists x\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \forall x(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$, where x is not free in ψ .
 - (d) $(\exists x\varphi \wedge \psi) \rightarrow \exists x(\varphi \wedge \psi)$, where x is not free in ψ .
 - (e) $(\forall x\varphi \vee \psi) \rightarrow \forall x(\varphi \vee \psi)$, where x is not free in ψ .

Note that in each case, the converse also holds, but you need not show this.

2. Verify that the following syllogism is correct by giving a deduction.

No Greeks are slaves.
Some slaves are women.
Therefore, some women are not Greek.

3. Formalize the following argument and prove that it is correct.

Romeo loves Juliet.
Romeo is a Montague.
Juliet is a Capulet.
Any Montague who loves a Capulet will come to a bad end.
Therefore, Romeo will come to a bad end.

- ★ 4. Taking only the introduction and elimination rules for the existential quantifier as given, derive the corresponding rules for the universal quantifier, defined by $\forall = \neg\exists\neg$ (in the way done in Lemma 2.9.1 of van Dalen). Be sure to take account of the side conditions on the rules.