67-328 Building Distributed Applications

WebSockets

HTTP / AJAX / WebSockets / Socket.io

- Recall that HTTP is request/response protocol
- AJAX allows you to do HTTP request/response within a page, but it is still request/response
- A client always has to initiate communication.
 - I.e. Make the request
- What if you want the server to be able to "push" information down to the client, for example:
 - New email
 - New news
 - Updates to a shared chat / drawing canvas
 - Game events

Work-Arounds

- Workarounds have been devised
- E.g. Polling
 - Client continuously polls the server
- E.g. Long Polling
 - Client sends a request, which the server does not respond to until it has something to send
 - If something comes along to send, it completes the response and the client will immediately send a new request to hold on to for later
 - If the request times out, the client sends a new response.
 - Analogy (from the days of postal mail)...
 - Cheap friend can't afford stamps.
 - Send friend stamp, he uses it to send you a letter
 - When you receive message, immediately send him another stamp for the next time he wants to send a letter.

WebSockets

- Provides for true two-way ongoing communication between a client and server.
- Each side can "send" messages.
- Each side has listener "on message"
- WebSockets are not restricted by the Same Origin Policy
 - It is up to the server to check the Origin header and decide whether it should reply or not.

• Note:

Some old browsers don't implement WebSockets

WebSockets – On the browser

```
// Create a new WebSocket
var wSocket = new WebSocket("ws://www.example.com/socketserver")
// When the WebSocket is connected and ready
wSocket.onopen = function (event) {
   // Send a message to the server
   wSocket.send("Initial message to the server.");
};
// Handler for when a message arrives from the server
wSocket.onmessage = function (event) {
   console.log(event.data);
};
```

WebSockets – Server-side

- Require a WebSockets module
 - ws is very popular
 - https://www.npmjs.com/package/ws
- Create a new WebSockets Server
- Define handlers for
 - on connection
 - on message
- And *send* messages to the client

Socket.io

- Library for full-duplex communication between clients and servers
- Built on engine.io, socket.io provides an abstraction above whatever transport methods are available in the browser:
 - WebSockets
 - Long Polling

Socket.io

- Also provides a simple abstraction for event-based programming *across the server and multiple clients*
- Clients can
 - emit events back to the server
 - listen for events from the server
- Server can
 - listen for events from clients
 - emit events back to the client
 - emit events to other clients
 - broadcast emit events to all clients

Socket.io role playing

- At each table, create a game
- An event is simply a word
 - It can optionally be accompanied with a short phrase
- One person is the Server who can:
 - listen for events from clients
 - emit an event to one client (point to one and say...)
 - broadcast emit events to all clients (point with both hands and say...)
- The rest at the table are Clients who can
 - emit events to the server
 - listen for events from the server
- Clients or the Server can generate events at any time (depending on your game-play)
- Clients cannot emit events peer-to-peer (Server must relay)

Socket.io

- on(event, function(parameter-object) { ... }
- emit(event, parameter-object)
- events
 - connection
 - disconnect
 - developer-defined events

Server (node) side

- socket.emit(...)
 - emits back to the client
- socket.broadcast.emit(...)
 - emits to all connected clients except the socket that starts it

countPlayers

- Demo
- Code walkthrough

Homework

- 1. Add a welcome message to countPlayers
 - When a new player connects
 - Server emits a "welcome" event to it
 - Data of the event is {message: "Welcome player n"}
 Where "n" is the ordinal number of the player who has joined
- Create a simple app in which users collaborate / compete / communicate.
 - Actions by each user is broadcast to all users
 - Periodically (e.g. every one second) server broadcasts something to all users