

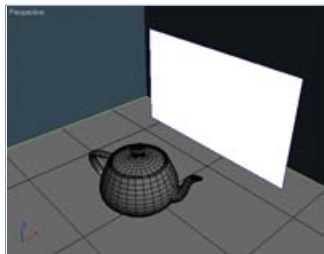
V-RayLightMtl examples

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Example 1: Default Color and Multiplier values

Here is a scene rendered with the default V-RayLightMtl. These examples demonstrate how the material behaves in V-Ray, and how its parameters influence the overlook of the final results.



The white plane is a default V-RayLightMtl. The teapot is a default V-RayMtl with Reflection. Rest is just V-RayMtl with diffuse colors.



Default Lights - Off.
Multiplier: 1.0
No GI, No lights



Multiplier: 50.0
No GI, No lights



Multiplier: 1.0
GI on

We are going to render this scene with **Default Lights - Off** till the end of the example and no lights will be used in it as well.

As you see the image is absolutely dark except the plane (self-illuminated) and the reflection on the teapot. Notice we have no GI and no lights at all here, so the dark part of the scene is totally expected and reasonable.

Notice that nothing changed in general, BUT the reflection on the teapot got stronger due to higher multiplier. Rest is still black: because we still have the **GI off**.

As You see turning **on** almost didn't change the overlook. That because of **Multiplier** value: 1.0 It acts mainly as self-illuminating object that has V-RayLightMtl.

Example 2: Higher Multipliers / 2-sided **On** and **Off**



Multiplier: 5.0
GI on
2-sided off



Multiplier: 5.0
GI on
2-sided on



Multiplier: 10.0
GI on
2-sided off



Multiplier: 10.0
GI on
2-sided on

Now You can notice that increasing the **Multiplier** influenced visibly the scene (shadows also appears).

Scene starting to gather more light because of the **2-sided - on**.

As You see the back is still dark, but You can already notice the blue wall receiving some **GI**, we also start to due to higher **Multiplier**. Shadow also appears more defined.

Scene starting to gather more light because the **2-sided - on**. we also start to see some burnt areas due to **Linear** type of **C mapping**.



Multiplier: 30.0
GI on - default
2-sided off
Exponential



Multiplier: 30.0
GI on - default
2-sided on
Exponential



Multiplier: 30.0
GI on ; 2-sided off
IR: HSphS: 100
IR: Interp.S: 40



Multiplier: 30.0
GI on ; 2-sided on
IR: HSphS: 100
IR: Interp.S: 40

So, increasing the **Multiplier** affects the GI more (we have more light). But You can also notice that our render is quite splotchy.

Scene starting to gather more light because of the **2-sided - on**. Still splotchy **GI** solution.

Comparing this result to the previous is much better. **GI** solution is clearer and shadows are more precise. Of course this leads to higher render time.

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Example 3: Texmap

This example shows using the **Texmap** slot and how the map determines the **Color** parameter.



Multiplier: 3.0
GI on ; 2-sided on
IR: HSphS: 100
IR: Interp.S: 40
Exponential



Multiplier: 30.0
GI on ; 2-sided on
IR: HSphS: 100
IR: Interp.S: 40
Exponential



Multiplier: 3.0
GI on ; 2-sided on
IR: HSphS: 100
IR: Interp.S: 40
Exponential



Multiplier: 30.0
GI on ; 2-sided on
IR: HSphS: 100
IR: Interp.S: 40
Exponential

Using a **Bitmap** in the Texmap Slot. **Multiplier** is quite low, so almost

Increasing **Multiplier** leads to much lighter overlook of

Here is another **Bitmap** assigned to the **Texmap** Slot.

Increasing **Multiplier** leads to much lighter overlook

the plane and the the scene. Notice now Notice that we haven't the scene. Notice reflection on the teapot the Bitmap is getting changed the VRayMtl's the Bitmap is ge are visible. closer to white color for the surrounding closer to white , look, due to multiplying walls, but the scene look, due to multip the (R,G,B) values of the looks different from the the (R,G,B) values o Bitmap. previous one due to the Bitmap. new Bitmap.