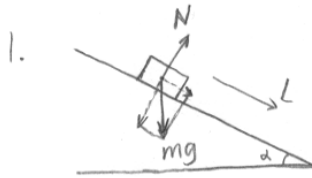


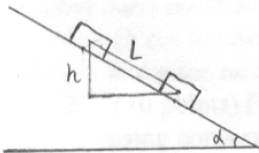
Quiz #4 Solutions



$$m\ddot{l} = mg \sin \alpha \Rightarrow \text{block will move downward.}$$

2.

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 - 0 = mgh - \frac{1}{2}kL^2 \quad (*)$$



$$\Rightarrow v = \sqrt{2gh \sin \alpha - \frac{kL^2}{m}} \quad (h = L \sin \alpha)$$

3. differentiate (*) with l : $m v \frac{dv}{dt} = mg \sin \alpha - kL$

$$\text{At } v_{\max}: \frac{dv}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow L_c = \frac{mg \sin \alpha}{k}, \quad v_{\max} = \sqrt{2g L_c \sin \alpha - \frac{k L_c^2}{m}} = g \sin \alpha \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$$

$$\text{At equilibrium: } mg \sin \alpha - k L_{\text{eq}} = 0 \Rightarrow L_{\text{eq}} = \frac{mg \sin \alpha}{k} = L_c$$

$$4. \quad v=0 \Rightarrow mg L_{\max} \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{2}k L_{\max}^2 = 0 \Rightarrow L_{\max} = \frac{2mg \sin \alpha}{k} (= 2L_{\text{eq}})$$

5.

$$m\ddot{l} = mg \sin \alpha - k L_{\max}$$

$$= mg \sin \alpha - 2mg \sin \alpha$$

$$= -mg \sin \alpha < 0$$

So the block will move upward

