

Chemical Engineering Mathematics 06-262
Homework 3

Due: Thursday February 8, 2001

Find all eigenvalues and eigenvectors by hand. Feel free to use a calculator or MathCAD to find the inverse of any matrices and roots of polynomials.

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors

- 1) **(15 points)** For each of the following matrices, find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of each. Write the eigenspace of each matrix.

a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ -2 & -4 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

d)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 2) **(15 points)** In many cases, it is important to recognize matrices that will have imaginary rather than real eigenvalues. For the general 2x2 matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & c \\ d & b \end{bmatrix}$$

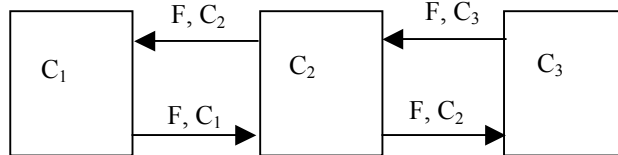
- a) If $a=b$, what values of c and d will give imaginary rather than real eigenvalues?
- b) If $a=0$, what values of b , c and d will give imaginary rather than real eigenvalues?
- c) If $a = c = 0$, what values of b and d will give imaginary rather than real eigenvalues?

- 3) **(15 points)** Given the following 3x3 matrix \mathbf{A} , consider how changes in the matrix cause changes in the eigenspace of the matrix.

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Determine the eigenspace of the matrix \mathbf{A} .
 - Determine the eigenspace of the matrix \mathbf{A}^T .
 - Determine the eigenspace of the matrix \mathbf{A}^{-1} .
 - Determine the eigenspace of the matrix formed by switching rows 2 and 3 of matrix \mathbf{A} .
 - Comment on how each of these changes alters the eigenspace. Which matrix functions change the eigenvalues and how? Which change the eigenvectors and how?
- 4) **(15 points)** When we cover coupled differential equations later in the course, you will need to find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the coefficient matrix of a set of balance equations. To practice, set up the steady state balances on the following problem to develop a matrix expression $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{0}$. Then find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the coefficient matrix \mathbf{A} . Solving for the steady state value of \mathbf{c} is trivial and does not require the eigenvalues or eigenvectors of \mathbf{A} , be sure that you know what the solution for \mathbf{c} is without solving $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{c} = \mathbf{0}$.

Three mixers are connected as shown below. Initially, the first is filled with a high concentration of acid ($C_0 = 0.5$ kg/acid/kg total) and then the flow is started. The flow rates in all the streams are the same, $F = 10$ kg total/hr. The concentrations in each mixer, C_i , are in units of mass acid/mass total. Before setting up the balances, what is the steady state concentration in each of the three tanks (state your answer based on logic).



Differential Equations

- 5) **(15 points)** Solve the following separable differential equations. Find the general solution and then use the conditions given to find the particular solution.
- $\frac{df}{dx} = -3x$; $f(x=0) = f_0$
 - $T' = \sin(\omega t) + 4$; $T(t=0) = 0$ and $\omega = \pi/4$
 - $\frac{dc}{dt} + (t+1)c^3 = 0$; $c(t=0) = 1$
 - $\gamma' = \frac{1}{t+1}$; $\gamma(t=0) = 1$
 - $y' = y e^{2x} \sin(x)$; $y(x = \pi/2) = 1$
- 6) **(15 points)** A cylindrical tank is initially filled with water to a level of h_0 . The tank has a constant cross section of $A \text{ m}^2$. Water flows out of the tank through a valve at the bottom. The volumetric flow rate through the valve is proportional to the height of water in the tank, $F = h/R$ where R is a resistance with units of hr/m^2 .
- Develop an expression for the height of water in the tank as a function of time, $h(t)$, in terms of the variables A , R and h_0 .
 - For a tank of $A = 5 \text{ m}^2$ and resistance of 1 hr/m^2 which is initially filled to 10m , plot the height of water in the tank as a function of time.
 - How long will it take for the tank to be half as full as when it started?